Wood Heating Workshop

Town of Newbury Permit & Inspection Requirements

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Installation and Operating Considerations

Newbury Fire & Rescue Department



Town Ordinance

- Permit is required for the installation of heating equipment
 - Oil Burners
 - Gas Furnaces
 - Wood Stoves and Furnaces



- Permit Application can be downloaded from:
 - the Town of Newbury <u>www.newburynh.org</u> or
 - Newbury Fire Rescue Website <u>www.newburyfd.org</u>

Permit Application



Permit to Install and Operate Gas/Wood Burning Equipment

To the Chief of the Fire Department:

The undersigned hereby applies for a permit to install and operate gas/wood burning equipment in compliance with R.S.A. 153:5 and N.F.P.A. Standard #31 as follows:

Address:			
Type of Occupancy:		_ Stories	
Owner:			
Address:	Town	State	
Occupant's Name			
Make and Serial Number of Gas/Wood Burner:		##	
Size and Location of tank	ne - (en me - c - c -		
Name of Installer			
Business Name	Telephone		
Address:	Town	State	
Signature of Owner or Installer		Date	
When signed by the chief of the Fir TEMPORARY PERMIT authorizing			
Permit No	Date:		

Permission is hereby granted to operate the gas/wood burning equipment described above which has been inspected and found to be in compliance with the State Fire Code (Fir 602) as adopted by the State Fire Marshall.

Signature of Fire Chief or Designee

Date:

Heating Equipment Inspection

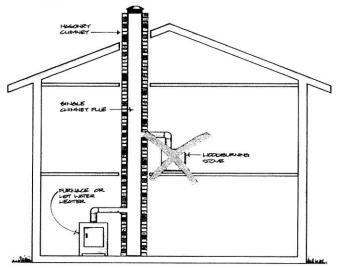
- Fire Chief or Designee
 - Inspects the installation of heating equipment
 - Installation according to Manufacturers
 Specifications
 - Requirements for Clearance
 - Requirements for Venting
 - Installation in accordance with NH Fire Code
 - RSA 143:5, NFPA31
 - Gas equipment installed by licensed gas fitter

Multiple Venting

MULTIPLE VENTING

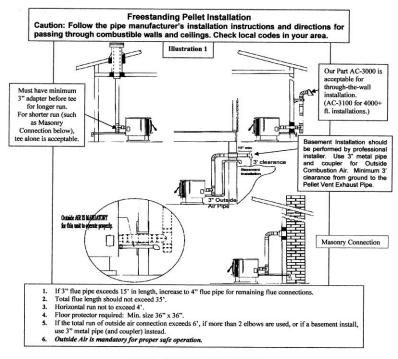
A special note of <u>caution</u> on using a chimney: only one woodburner or heater should be vented into a single flue. If a woodburner is connected to a flue already used by another heater, serious problems may arise. Some of these are:

- Increased creosote accumulation. The size of the flue's interior can be significantly decreased by heavy creosote deposits from a woodburner. This reduction in the flue size may not allow flue gases to vent properly and could create a fire and/or health hazard.
- 2. The possible deterioration of the flue.
- 3. The blocking of a lower heater vent by creosote.
- The flue may not be large enough to handle an extra heater and allow carbon monoxide (a dangerous gas) to drift back into your home.



VENTING TWO HEATERS INTO A SINGLE FLUE CAN INCREASE THE CHANCE OF A FIRE AND ALLOW DANGEROUS GASES (SUCH AS CARBON MONOXIDE) TO ENTER YOUR HOME.

Pellet Stove Installation



FLOOR AND WALL PROTECTION

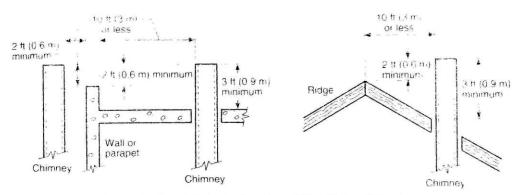
Floor Protection

If your floor is constructed of a non-combustible material such as brick or concrete, there is no need for floor protection. If the floor is constructed of a combustible material such as hardwood, linoleum, or carpet, then you will be required to use floor protection between the unit and the combustible. The protection should be U.L. approved or equal, and should be large enough to provide a minimum of six inches (6") behind and on both sides of the stove. The clearance in front of the stove should be at least six inches (6"). This freestanding pellet unit will need a minimum 36" x 36" floor protector.

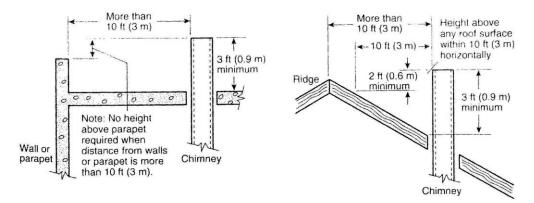
Wall Protection

From the rear and the sides of this stove only six inches (6") of clearance is required to paneling, wallpaper or drywall. The pellet vent pipe would require the standard three inches (3") clearance, or as recommended by the manufacturer. Normally additional wall protection is not required with this type unit.

Termination of Pipes & Chimneys



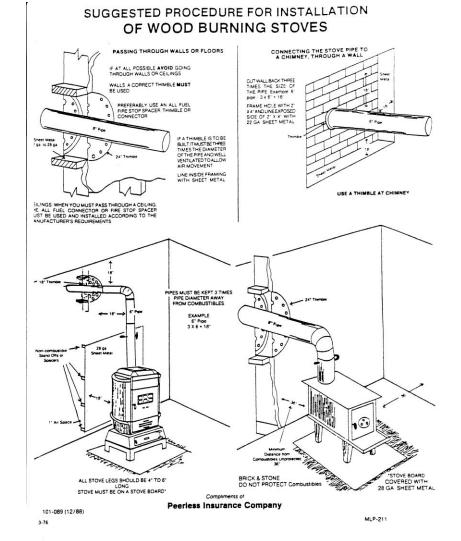
(a) Termination 10 ft (3 m) or Less from Ridge, Wall, or Parapet



(b) Termination More Than 10 ft (3 m) from Ridge, Wall, or Parapet

FIGURE 12.6.2.1 Typical Termination Locations for Chimneys and Single-Wall Metal Pipes Serving Residential-Type and Low-Heat Appliances.

Installation

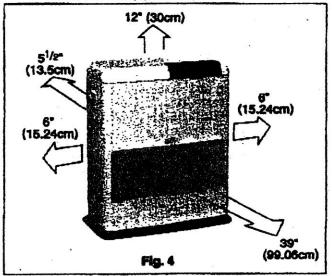


Newbury Fire & Rescue Department

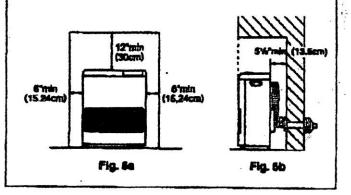


Clearance

- The wall where flue pipe hole will be cut should be free of plumbing pipes, electrical whee, studs, air ducts and other obstacles.
- NOTE : Use the cardboard template provided with your heater for flue pipe location.



If the unit is installed so that it is enclosed on both sides and top, the following instructions shall be carried out. With the side and top clearances as shown in Fig. 5a, the Monitor shall not be placed so that its front surface is inside of the enclosure.



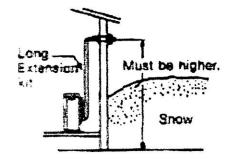
Step 4: Drill a Pilot Hole

NOTE: The following directions apply to "standard" installation. For other methods, follow instructions included with accessory kits.

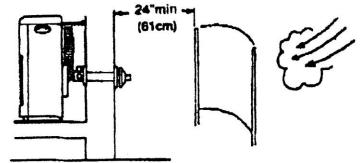
For walls up to 8% inches (22.0cm) thick, use a standard flue pipe; for walls up to 12% inches (31.5cm) thick, use a medium adjustable flue pipe kit; and for walls up to 20 inches (50.5cm)

Snow and Wind Concerns with Direct Vent Systems

The areas of heavy snow falls, ground surface clearance must be increased according to average snow falls, to prevent flue pipe from being buried. (2) In open area with strong wind, a wind break may be necessary.







Flg. 7b

Other Considerations

- Smoke Detectors in House
- Carbon Monoxide Detectors
- Fire Alarm System
 - Permit required for Central Station Alarms
- Portable Fire Extinguishers



Other Considerations

- Condition of Chimney, if applicable
 - Cleaning
- Wood Storage
 - Inside the House
 - Outside
- Tools and Equipment
- Cleaning and Maintenance



More Information

- Fire Chief, Hank Thomas
 - newburycl@aol.com